News Release



Embargoed until 0945 WAT (0845 UTC) 1 November 2023

Stanbic IBTC Bank Nigeria PMI[®]

New orders fall amid record rise in input costs

Key findings

Overall input prices and wages increase at record rates

Output and new orders decline

Inflationary pressures cause delays in project completion

The Nigerian private sector dipped into contraction in October as a record increase in input costs impacted customer demand. Sharply rising prices also discouraged firms from purchasing inputs and caused delays in the completion of orders. On a more positive note, employment continued to rise amid company expansion plans.

The headline figure derived from the survey is the Purchasing Managers' Index[™] (PMI[®]). Readings above 50.0 signal an improvement in business conditions on the previous month, while readings below 50.0 show a deterioration.

The headline PMI dropped below the 50.0 no-change mark for the first time in seven months in October, thereby signalling a deterioration in business conditions in the private sector. At 49.1, the index was down from September's reading of 51.1 and signalled a slight worsening of operating conditions.

Central to the challenges for firms in October was the sharpest rise in overall input prices since the survey began almost a decade ago. Purchase costs were up rapidly, largely due to currency weakness but also the lingering impacts of the removal of the fuel subsidy.

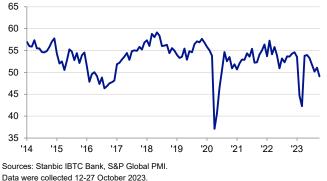
Meanwhile, the extent of the rise in living costs, particularly those related to transportation, led companies to increase their staff pay markedly in October. Moreover, the rate of inflation hit a new survey peak.

With input costs rising rapidly, firms in Nigeria increased their own selling prices accordingly. The pace of inflation quickened from September and was one of the sharpest on record.

The steep inflationary environment acted to depress customer demand in October. New business decreased at a solid pace, thereby ending a six-month sequence of growth.

Business activity was also down, falling for the second time in the past three months and to the largest extent since the





Comment

Muyiwa Oni, Head of Equity Research West Africa at Stanbic IBTC Bank commented:

"Nigerian private sector business activity contracted in October, the first time in the last seven months, a reversal from the expansion trend since cashless policy was discontinued in March 2023. Costs have continued to rise, depressing output and new orders. The headline PMI declined to 49.1 in October, from 51.1 in September, pushing business activity trend into negative territory. Before the September print, the PMI had declined consecutively over the past three months. Prices have remained elevated, with input and purchase prices remaining at period highs. Input prices increased materially across the major sectors covered, with inflationary pressures most pronounced in wholesale & retail and manufacturing. The inflationary environment depressed consumer demand in the month of October, pausing the steady pace of new business expansion for the first time in six months. Majority of the respondents also signalled an increase in purchase prices linked mainly to exchange rate weakness and higher fuel costs. The rate of inflation hit a new peak in the survey's history. September inflation print continued to show increased cost pressure as CPI increased to 26.72% from 25.8% in August. Core inflation increased to 22.1% from 21.5% in July, while food inflation increased to 30.64% from 29.34% in July."





NATIONAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS



cash crisis earlier in the year.

Lower new orders and high prices for inputs led companies to reduce their purchasing activity for the first time in seven months. In some cases an inability to secure inputs led to delays in the completion of projects. Elsewhere, customers had missed payments. As a result, backlogs of work increased for the second month running, and to the largest extent since February.

The build-up of outstanding business was signalled despite a further rise in employment. Staffing levels were up for the sixth month in a row, and at a solid pace. According to respondents, job creation often reflected business expansion plans. Hopes to expand operations and open new branches meanwhile helped to support optimism in the year-ahead outlook for output, although sentiment remained historically muted.

Finally, suppliers' delivery times shortened again in October, with improved vendor performance linked to competition among suppliers, prompt payments and relatively quiet road conditions.

Survey methodology

The Stanbic IBTC Bank Nigeria PM[®] is compiled by S&P Global from responses to questionnaires sent to purchasing managers in a panel of around 400 private sector companies. The panel is stratified by detailed sector and company workforce size, based on contributions to GDP. The sectors covered by the survey include agriculture, mining, manufacturing, construction, wholesale, retail and services. Data were first collected January 2014.

Survey responses are collected in the second half of each month and indicate the direction of change compared to the previous month. A diffusion index is calculated for each survey variable. The index is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. The indices vary between 0 and 100, with a reading above 50 indicating an overall increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 an overall decrease. The indices are then seasonally adjusted.

The headline figure is the Purchasing Managers' Index™ (PMI). The PMI is a weighted average of the following five indices: New Orders (30%), Output (25%), Employment (20%), Suppliers' Delivery Times (15%) and Stocks of Purchases (10%). For the PMI calculation the Suppliers' Delivery Times Index is inverted so that it moves in a comparable direction to the other indices.

Underlying survey data are not revised after publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series.

For further information on the PMI survey methodology, please contact economics@spglobal.com.

About PMI

Purchasing Managers' Index[™] (PMI[®]) surveys are now available for over 40 countries and also for key regions including the eurozone. They are the most closely watched business surveys in the world, favoured by central banks, financial markets and business decision makers for their ability to provide up-to-date, accurate and often unique monthly indicators of economic trends. www.spqlobal.com/marketintelligence/en/mi/products/pmi

Disclaimer

Please note that the Stanbic IBTC Bank Nigeria PMI should not be taken as a substitute for official statistics, but may be used in conjunction with them.

Stanbic IBTC Bank Nigeria ("Stanbic IBTC") has issued and is responsible for production of this publication. This publication should be regarded as being for information only and should not be considered as an offer or solicitation to sell, buy or subscribe to any financial instruments, securities or any derivative instrument, or any other rights pertaining thereto (together, "investments"). Stanbic IBTC does not express any opinion as to the present or future value or price of any investments referred to in this publication. This publication may not be reproduced without the consent of Stanbic IBTC.

The information contained in this publication has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, but, neither Stanbic IBTC, nor any of its directors, officers, or employees accepts liability for any loss arising from the use hereof or makes any representations as to its accuracy and completeness. The information contained in this publication is valid as at the date of this publication. This information is subject to change without notice, its accuracy is not guaranteed, it may be incomplete or condensed and it may not contain all material information concerning the matters discussed herein.

This publication does not constitute investment advice and has been prepared without regard to individual financial circumstances, objectives or particular needs of recipients. Readers should seek their own financial, tax, legal, regulatory and other advice regarding the appropriateness or otherwise of investing in any investments or pursuing any investment strategies. Investec operates exclusively on an execution only basis.

An investment in any of the investments discussed in this publication may result in some or all of the money invested being lost. Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance. To the extent that this publication is deemed to contain any forecasts as to the performance of any investments, the reader is warned that forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance. The value of any investments can fall as well as rise. Foreign currency denominated investments are subject to fluctuations in exchange rates that may have a positive or adverse after or allower or income of such investments. Certain transactions, including those involving futures, options and other derivative instruments, can give rise to substantial risk and are not suitable for all investors.

The intellectual property rights to the data provided herein are owned by or licensed to S&P Global and/or its affiliates. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without S&P Global's prior consent. S&P Global shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("Data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the Data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall S&P Global be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the Data. Purchasing Managers' Index[™] and PMI[®] are either trade marks or registered trade marks of S&P Global Inc or licensed to S&P Global Inc and/or its affiliates.

This Content was published by S&P Global Market Intelligence and not by S&P Global Ratings, which is a separately managed division of S&P Global. Reproduction of any information, data or material, including ratings ("Content") in any form is prohibited except with the prior written permission of the relevant party. Such party, its affiliates and suppliers ("Content Providers") do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any Content and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of such Content. In no event shall Content Providers be liable for any damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including lost income or lost profit and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content.





Contact

| Muyiwa Oni | Fadeke |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Head Equity Research, West Africa | Corpora |
| Stanbic IBTC Bank | Stanbic |
| T: +234 (1) 422 8667 | T: +234 |
| muyiwa.oni@stanbicibtc.com | fadeke. |
| Andrew Harker | Sabrina |
| Economics Director | Corpora |
| S&P Global Market Intelligence | S&P GI |

S&P Global Market Intelligence T: +44 134 432 8196 andrew.harker@spglobal.com Fadeke Awolesi Corporate Communications Stanbic IBTC Bank T: +234 701 0179 108 fadeke.awolesi@stanbicibtc.com

Sabrina Mayeen Corporate Communications S&P Global Market Intelligence T: +44 7967 447 030 sabrina.mayeen@spglobal.com

If you prefer not to receive news releases from S&P Global, please email <u>katherine.smith@</u> <u>spglobal.com</u>. To read our privacy policy, click <u>here</u>.

About Stanbic IBTC Bank

Stanbic IBTC Bank is a subsidiary of Stanbic IBTC Holdings Plc, a full service financial services group with a clear focus on three main business pillars - Corporate and Investment Banking, Personal and Business Banking and Wealth Management. Standard Bank Group, to which Stanbic IBTC Holdings belongs, is rooted in Africa with strategic representation in 20 key sub-Saharan countries and other emerging markets; Standard Bank has been in operation for over 151 years and is focused on building first-class on-the-ground banks in chosen countries in Africa and connecting other selected emerging markets to Africa and to each other.

About S&P Global

S&P Global (NYSE: SPGI) S&P Global provides essential intelligence. We enable governments, businesses and individuals with the right data, expertise and connected technology so that they can make decisions with conviction. From helping our customers assess new investments to guiding them through ESG and energy transition across supply chains, we unlock new opportunities, solve challenges and accelerate progress for the world.

We are widely sought after by many of the world's leading organizations to provide credit ratings, benchmarks, analytics and workflow solutions in the global capital, commodity and automotive markets. With every one of our offerings, we help the world's leading organizations plan for tomorrow, today.

www.spglobal.com